

FMSBONDS, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

JUNE 30, 2026

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders
FMSbonds, Inc.
Boca Raton, Florida

Opinion on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of FMSbonds, Inc. as of June 30, 2026, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the financial statement). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of FMSbonds, Inc. as of June 30, 2026, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

This financial statement is the responsibility of FMSbonds, Inc.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on FMSbonds, Inc.'s financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to FMSbonds, Inc. in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.



Kaufman, Rossin & Co., P.A.

We have served as FMSbonds, Inc.'s auditor since 1989.

Miami, Florida
August 27, 2026

FMSbonds, Inc.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

JUNE 30, 2026

ASSETS

CASH, including \$303,677 segregated for exclusive benefit of customers (Note 9)	\$	7,321,818
RECEIVABLE FROM BROKERS AND DEALERS		5,925,313
RECEIVABLE FROM CUSTOMERS		4,567,410
SECURITIES OWNED, AT FAIR VALUE (NOTES 3, 5 AND 9)		82,163,323
BOND INTEREST AND REDEMPTIONS RECEIVABLE		771,553
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET (NOTE 2)		440,482
RIGHT OF USE ASSET, NET (NOTE 6)		3,071,993
OTHER ASSETS (NOTE 4)		6,262,694
	\$	110,524,586

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**LIABILITIES**

Payable to brokers and dealers	\$	373,868
Payable to customers		392,989
Securities sold, but not yet purchased, at fair value (Notes 3 and 9)		121,881
Lease liability (Note 6)		3,171,891
Stockholders' distribution payable		2,550,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 7)		18,862,185
Total liabilities		25,472,814

LEASE COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 6)

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		85,051,772
	\$	110,524,586

See accompanying notes.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Business and Organization

FMSbonds, Inc. (the “Company”), is a broker and dealer specializing in municipal bonds. The Company acts primarily in a principal capacity, buying and selling for its own account and trading with customers and other dealers. To a lesser extent, the Company acts in an agency capacity, buying and selling equity securities and annuities for its customers and charging a commission, and in an administrative capacity, earning fees for administrative services rendered, and in its capacity as underwriter for various municipal securities offerings.

Government and Other Regulation

The Company's business is subject to significant regulation by various governmental agencies and self-regulatory organizations. Such regulation includes, among other things, periodic examinations by these regulatory bodies to determine whether the Company is conducting and reporting its operations in accordance with the applicable requirements of these organizations.

Securities Transactions

Securities transactions are reported on a trade date basis. All securities are carried at fair value.

Valuation of Investments in Securities at Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy

Generally accepted accounting principles require the Company to report its investments in securities at estimated fair value on a recurring basis. Fair value is defined as the price that the Company would receive to sell an investment or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction with an independent counter-party in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the investment or liability. Fair value measurements establishes a three-tier hierarchy to distinguish between (1) inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs) and (2) inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs); and establishes a classification of fair value measurements for disclosure purposes.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Valuation of Investments in Securities at Fair Value - Definition and Hierarchy (Continued)

Various inputs are used in determining the value of the Company's investments. The inputs are summarized in the three broad levels listed below.

Level 1 - quoted prices in active markets for identical investments

Level 2 - other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar investments, interest rates, credit risk, etc.)

Level 3 - significant unobservable inputs (including the Company's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

In applying the provisions of fair value measurements to the Company's portfolio activities during the year, the following valuation techniques have been employed:

Municipal Bonds and Certificates of Deposit. The fair value of municipal bonds and certificates of deposit is estimated using recently executed transactions, market price quotations and pricing models that factor in, where applicable, interest rates, bond or credit default swap spreads and volatility. These bonds and certificates of deposit are generally categorized in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Corporate Bonds. The fair value of corporate bonds is estimated using recently executed transactions, market price quotations (where observable), bond spreads or credit default swap spreads. The spread data used are for the same maturity as the bond. If the spread data does not reference the issuer, then data that references a comparable issuer is used. When observable price quotations are not available, fair value is determined based on cash flow models with yield curves and credit ratings as key inputs. Corporate bonds are generally categorized in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost. Expenditures for major betterments and additions are charged to the asset accounts while replacements, maintenance and repairs which do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets are charged to expense currently.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment is computed using the straight-line method at various rates based upon the estimated useful lives of the assets. The range of estimated useful lives is summarized as follows:

Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Office equipment	5 years
Leasehold improvements	7 years
Transportation equipment	5 years

Receivables

The Company does not provide a reserve for uncollected receivables as substantially all amounts are collateralized by securities awaiting delivery. Amounts are charged directly to expense when deemed uncollectible, and have historically been immaterial.

Leases

The Company's leases for office space are classified as operating leases and comprise the right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liability in the Company's statement of financial condition. ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising for the lease. A lease liability and corresponding ROU asset are initially recognized based on the present value of the minimum lease payments and do not include other variable contractual obligations, such as operating expenses and real estate taxes. These costs are accounted for as period costs and expensed as incurred. When calculating the measurement of ROU assets and liabilities, the Company used its 6.75% incremental borrowing rate as of the lease commencement date. The subsequent measurement of the lease results in the recognition of a single lease expense amount that is recorded on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Loans and Advances to Employees

Loans and advances to employees are stated at the outstanding balance of funds due for repayment of cash advances. The carrying amount may be reduced by an allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected. As management believes that the amounts are fully collectible and are therefore stated at net realizable value, management has not recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected, with the stockholders' consent, to be taxed under the S Corporation provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Under these provisions, the taxable income of the Company is reflected by the stockholders on their personal income tax returns. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes is included in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income Taxes (Continued)

The Company assesses its tax positions in accordance with "Accounting for Uncertainties in Income Taxes" as prescribed by the Accounting Standards Codification, which provides guidance for financial statement recognition and measurement of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return for open tax years (generally a period of three years from the later of each return's due date or the date filed) that remain subject to examination by the Company's major tax jurisdictions.

The Company assesses its tax positions and determines whether it has any material unrecognized liabilities for uncertain tax positions. The Company records these liabilities to the extent it deems them more likely than not to be incurred. Interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions, if any, would be classified as a component of income tax expense.

The Company believes that it does not have any significant uncertain tax positions requiring recognition or measurement in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Restricted Cash

If the Company has a requirement under the reserve computation, that amount of the minimum deposit required by the regulation would be considered restricted cash. While there was a balance in the special reserve account at June 30, 2026, there was no minimum deposit requirement needed.

The Company also considered cash collateral posted with counterparties for open derivative contracts (Note 10) to be restricted cash. As of June 30, 2026, the Company did not hold any open derivative contracts and thus there was no balance of collateral posted.

Segment Reporting

The Company has a single reportable segment based on the nature of its services and regulatory environment under which it operates. The nature of business and the accounting policies of the segment are the same as described throughout Note 1. The Company's Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") is its executive team. The CODM assesses the reportable segment's performance and allocates resources for the reportable segment based on total assets and regulatory net capital, which are the same amounts in all material respects as those reported on the accompanying Statement of Financial Condition.

NOTE 2. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment at June 30, 2026 consisted of the following:

Furniture and fixtures	\$ 929,775
Office equipment	1,365,013
Leasehold improvements	2,128,720
	<u>4,423,508</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(3,983,026)
	<u>\$ 440,482</u>

NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Company's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with fair value measurements and the Company's accounting policies as disclosed in Note 1. The following table presents information about the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as of June 30, 2026:

ASSETS, at fair value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
<u>Securities Owned</u>				
Certificates of deposit	\$ -	\$ 920,008	\$ -	\$ 920,008
Corporate bonds	-	1,967,279	-	1,967,279
Municipal bonds:				
Insured	-	10,728,266	-	10,728,266
Uninsured	-	68,547,770	-	68,547,770
Total municipal bonds	-	79,276,036	-	79,276,036
Total securities owned	\$ -	\$ 82,163,323	\$ -	\$ 82,163,323
<u>LIABILITIES, at fair value</u>				
<u>Securities Sold, But Not Yet Purchased</u>				
Corporate bonds	\$ -	\$ 106,223	\$ -	\$ 106,223
Municipal bonds	-	15,658	-	15,658
Total securities sold, but not yet purchased	\$ -	\$ 121,881	\$ -	\$ 121,881

NOTE 4. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets at June 30, 2026 consisted of the following:

Prepays	\$ 573,312
Deposits	559,092
Other receivables	2,200,382
Employee loans receivable	2,929,908
	\$ 6,262,694

NOTE 5. COLLATERAL LOAN CREDIT FACILITIES

The Company has a collateralized credit facility with its primary clearing broker, The Bank of New York Mellon (“BNY Mellon”). The credit facility provides for borrowings historically, of up to \$140,000,000 and is due on demand. Borrowings under the facility are collateralized by securities owned or held as collateral by the Company and securities awaiting delivery on uncompleted transactions. Borrowings under the facility bear interest at 5.00%. At June 30, 2026, there were no outstanding borrowings under this facility.

Additionally, the Company has a secondary brokerage credit agreement with U.S. Bank National Association (“U.S. Bank”). The credit facility provides for borrowings of up to \$50,000,000 and is due on demand. Borrowings under the facility are collateralized in the same manner as amounts due to the clearing broker. The related collateral is pledged to U.S. Bank and held at The Depository Trust Company. Borrowings under the facility bear interest at 5.25%. At June 30, 2026, there were no outstanding borrowings under this facility.

NOTE 6. LEASE COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Lease Commitments

The Company is obligated under various non-cancelable operating leases for certain equipment and office facilities, expiring through June 2029.

As of June 30, 2026, the future minimum annual rentals under the non-cancelable operating leases, of which substantially all are facility leases on two locations with the Company stockholders, are as follows:

2027	\$ 1,131,627
2028	1,165,575
2029	1,200,543
Less: discount to present value of lease liability	(325,854)
Total lease liability	
	\$ 3,171,891

NOTE 6. LEASE COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

Other information related to operating leases as of June 30, 2026:

Weighted average remaining lease term (years)	3.00
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Weighted average discount rate	6.75 %
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Contingencies

The Company is party to legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, based on a review with legal counsel, the Company does not believe that these matters will have a material effect on the Company's financial position or operating results.

NOTE 7. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company maintains a 401(k) plan covering substantially all employees. Employer contributions to the plan are at the discretion of management. At June 30, 2026, the Company had accrued approximately \$177,000 for this plan.

The Company maintains a non-qualified Supplemental Employees' Retirement Plan ("SERP"). Contributions, the funding of which is at management's discretion, are calculated based on the qualifying employees' salary and years of employment. At June 30, 2026, the Company had accrued approximately \$10,293,400 for the SERP based on approximately \$12,649,000 of fully vested, gross future benefits. The weighted average discount rate used to determine benefit obligations and benefit costs as of June 30, 2026 and the year then ended was 3.50%. The SERP participants are considered to be general creditors of the Company, and there are no segregated or specifically designated plan assets. These accruals are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

NOTE 8. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule of the Securities and Exchange Commission, which requires that "Net Capital", as defined, shall be at least the greater of \$250,000 or 6-2/3% of "Aggregate Indebtedness", as defined. At June 30, 2026, the Company's "Net Capital" was \$50,977,626 which exceeded requirements by \$49,523,333. The ratio of "Aggregate Indebtedness" to "Net Capital" was 0.43 to 1 at June 30, 2026.

NOTE 9. CREDIT CONCENTRATIONS AND OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into financial transactions in which there is a risk of loss due to changes in the market ("market risk") or failure of the other party to the transaction to perform ("credit risk"), as described below.

Securities Sold, But Not Yet Purchased

Securities sold, but not yet purchased, aggregate \$121,881 at June 30, 2026. Subsequent market fluctuations may require the Company to purchase these securities at prices which exceed the fair value in the accompanying statement of financial condition. Additionally, the securities owned and cash on deposit with clearing firms serve as collateral for this short-sale liability.

Custody of Securities

Custodial functions for the Company's securities transactions are substantially provided by BNY Mellon and the Depository Trust Company. At June 30, 2026, a majority of securities owned are held by these entities.

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Company may, during the course of operations, maintain cash deposits in excess of federally insured limits, which amount to \$6,828,719 at June 30, 2026.

Other Risk Concentrations

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

NOTE 10. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2026, the Company was party to total return swaps and interest rate swaps used to manage exposure to changes in the value of its investments and movements in interest rates or credit performance.

While outstanding, the swap contracts were subject to market and counterparty credit risk. The Company mitigated counterparty credit risk through master netting arrangements, collateral requirements and consideration of the creditworthiness of its counterparties.

The Company terminated all of its swap contracts, holdings, and activity in December 2025. At June 30, 2026, the Company had no open derivative contracts.

NOTE 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through August 27, 2026, which is the date the financial statements were issued. Subsequent to June 30, 2026, the Company processed \$450,000 of stockholders' distributions pertaining to income that was earned subsequent to June 30, 2026.